

33800 to 33911—Continued.**33801. FAGELIA sp.***(Calceolaria sp.)*

"(No. 698.) This is a perennial variety with a large plant growth, all of which is fragrant and extra sticky. It may be valuable for extracting a fragrant gum or oil useful for perfumers. It is covered by a mass of lemon-yellow flowers. These plants seek the sides of ravines, embankments, cuts, perpendicular rocks, ditches, dry canals, rockeries, anywhere where conditions seem unfavorable and moisture scarce. Growing in a few atoms of dry earth or drooping from the sides of perpendicular or solid rocks it is a charming sight. Seed sown in the sides of the western canyons would decorate them beyond belief."

33802 to 33806. DIOSCOREA spp.**Yam.**

"*Huanque.* Decorative vines whose tubers are edible. There is a great variety of these in Chile. Some are very dainty; others have large bunches of seed pods that glisten like gold and silver."

33802. "(No. 621.) Mixed. A dainty vine, good for table or window decoration."

33803. "(No. 622.) Dainty vine."

33804. "(No. 623.)"

33805. "(No. 980.) From Volcano Antuco."

33806. "(No. 1088.) From the seacoast of Aconcagua. 'Seeds are differently distinct.'"

33807. LINUM sp.

"(No. 768.) '*Retamilla.*' Indian name '*Nancolahuen.*' A small beautiful plant, with straight, upright stems, growing 6 to 8 inches high; bears an abundance of beautiful, bright-yellow flowers. Is suitable for a border or bedding; needs no trimming. It grows dry in the uplands in any dry, arid soil. Is astringent and much used for indigestion, flatulence, and diseases of the stomach."

33808. ECCREMOCARPUS SCABER Ruiz and Pavon.

"(No. 632.) A beautiful perennial vine, with crimson and yellow flowers shaped like a gunstock. Called commonly '*Sultana.*'"

Distribution.—A half-shrubby climber common along fences and in fields in Chile.

33809. EUPATORIUM SALVIA Colla.

"(No. 654.) '*Salvia.*' A perennial bush with a profusion of lavender flowers that perfume the air to a great distance. About 5 feet high; evergreen. Early bloomer; worth cultivation."

Distribution.—In the woods in the vicinity of Valparaiso in Chile.

33810. GNAPHALIUM sp.

"(No. 828.) '*Vira-vira.*' '*Yerba de la vide.*' Has a volatile oil. Is sudorific, febrifuge, expectorant, etc. Applied with good results in catarrh, bronchitis, and injections to cure wounds, etc."

33811. PHYSALIS PUBESCENS L.**Ground-cherry.**

"(No. 650.) '*Capuchinos.*' '*Capuli.*' '*Tomate de cascara.*' Biennial and perennial without frost; flowers, light canary yellow; center, lavender and brown. Fruits all the season until frost, when the leaves fall, but the plant survives for the next season. An edible and healthful fruit. Plant is ornamental and might produce a perennial tomato by hybridization."

Distribution.—In sandy soil from Pennsylvania to California and southward through Central America and South America to Chile; also in India.